

If at least one of  $(R_k^+)$ <sub>k ∈ ℤ<sup>+</sup></sub> or  $(R_k^-)$ <sub>k ∈ ℤ<sup>+</sup></sub> is infinite, then  $D$  has property  $\mathbb{Z}$ .

### 5. Number of ends

$D$  ... infinite, loc. finite, transitive, prop.  $\mathbb{Z}$

If  $D$  has more than two ends, then at least one of  $(R_k^+)$ <sub>k ∈ ℤ<sup>+</sup></sub>,  $(R_k^-)$ <sub>k ∈ ℤ<sup>+</sup></sub> is infinite.

If  $(R_k^+)$ <sub>k ∈ ℤ<sup>+</sup></sub>,  $(R_k^-)$ <sub>k ∈ ℤ<sup>+</sup></sub> are both finite and for some  $i$  the relations  $R_i^+$  and  $R_i^-$  have infinite equivalence classes, then  $D$  has one end.